



Mast cell tryptase (ABT-MCT) mouse mAb

Catalog No	YP-Ab-15276
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human; Predict react with Mouse, Rat
Applications	IHC;IF
Gene Name	TPSAB1 TPS1 TPS2 TPSB1
Protein Name	Tryptase alpha/beta-1 (Tryptase-1) (EC 3.4.21.59) (Tryptase I) (Tryptase alpha-1)
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Mast cell tryptase
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of human Mast cell tryptase. Heat-induced epitope retrieval (HIER) Citrate buffer of pH6.0 was highly recommended as antigen repair method in paraffin section
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Mouse, Monoclonal/IgG1, Kappa
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Dilution	IHC-p 1:100-500. IF 1:50-200
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	
Observed Band	
Cell Pathway	Secreted. Released from the secretory granules upon mast cell activation. .
Tissue Specificity	Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are expressed in lung, stomach, spleen, heart and skin; in these tissues, isoform 1 is predominant. Isoform 2 is expressed in aorta, spleen, and breast tumor, with highest levels in the endothelial cells of some blood vessels surrounding the aorta, as well as those surrounding the tumor and low levels, if any, in mast cells (at protein level).
Function	catalytic activity:Preferential cleavage: Arg- -Xaa, Lys- -Xaa, but with more restricted specificity than trypsin.,function:Tryptase is the major neutral protease present in mast cells and is secreted upon the coupled activation-degranulation response of this cell type.,function:Tryptase is the major neutral protease present in mast cells and is secreted upon the coupled activation-degranulation response of this cell type. Has an immunoprotective role during bacterial infection. Required to efficiently combat K.pneumoniae infection.,polymorphism:There are two alleles; beta-II and beta-III which differ by 3 residues.,similarity:Belongs to the peptidase S1 family.,similarity:Belongs to the peptidase S1 family. Tryptase subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 peptidase S1 domain.,subcellular location:Released from the secretory granules upon mast cell



activation.,subunit:Homotetramer.,

Background

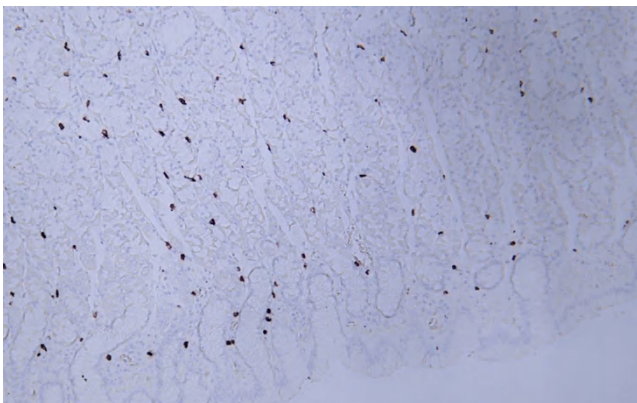
Tryptases comprise a family of trypsin-like serine proteases, the peptidase family S1. Tryptases are enzymatically active only as heparin-stabilized tetramers, and they are resistant to all known endogenous proteinase inhibitors. Several tryptase genes are clustered on chromosome 16p13.3. These genes are characterized by several distinct features. They have a highly conserved 3' UTR and contain tandem repeat sequences at the 5' flank and 3' UTR which are thought to play a role in regulation of the mRNA stability. These genes have an intron immediately upstream of the initiator Met codon, which separates the site of transcription initiation from protein coding sequence. This feature is characteristic of tryptases but is unusual in other genes. The alleles of this gene exhibit an unusual amount of sequence variation, such that the alleles were once thought to represent two separate gene

matters needing attention

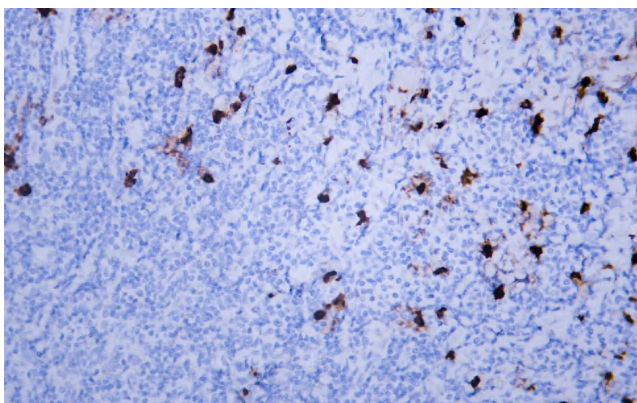
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

Products Images

Human stomach tissue was stained with Anti-Mast Cell Tryptase (ABT-MCT) Antibody



Human tonsil tissue was stained with Anti-Mast Cell Tryptase (ABT-MCT) Antibody